

150 GERMAN SUBMARINES HAVE BEEN SUNK

FRENCH CONTINUE TO REPULSE HUN ATTACKS

LONDON, Aug. 7.—In an attack carried out this morning southwest of Morlancourt the British regained the ground taken from them by the Germans yesterday along the Bray-Corbic road, north of the Somme.

PARIS, Aug. 7.—In the fighting near the Vesle the French occupied the station of Ciry-Salsogne, just to the west of the bend in the Vesle where it turns northward to join the Aisne.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The British line astride the Clarence river, on the Flanders front, has been advanced a short distance, says today's war office announcement. A few prisoners were taken during the course of the operation.

PARIS, Aug. 7.—Along the Vesle the French continue to repulse German attacks, especially between Brainne and Soissons. The war office announced that 100 prisoners have been captured east of Brainne.

The Germans today made a local attack against the French position south of Auberive, in Champagne. They were repulsed. French troops last night made further gains in the Montdidier region.

Outbreak in Spain, Aug. 7.—Serious outbreaks have occurred here owing to the high cost of living and the poor quality of bread. Shots have been exchanged between the demonstrators and the police.

PARIS, Aug. 7.—The long range shelling of the region of Paris was resumed today.

Morning Review of the War Situation (By The Associated Press)

Artillery duels and patrol actions continue along the Vesle while the Allies and Germans make ready for future operations. Indications point to a resumption of fighting along this line within a few hours.

It was to be expected that several days would elapse before the Allies could be in shape to renew their offensive. Bad weather has hampered the movements of guns and reinforcements as well as aerial scout work. Rain is reported to have fallen again on the battle front Tuesday afternoon.

When infantry fighting does open in force it will probably mark a new phase in the Allies' campaign. The Marne pocket has been cleared of the enemy and the crown prince defeated. Premier Clemenceau announces that the enemy's losses included 35,000 prisoners and 700 guns.

Intense bitterness has marked what little fighting there has been between Soissons and Rheims. The American forces in Fismes and north of the river have been subjected to heavy bombardments but have held on. West of Fismes Tuesday a German battalion prepared to attack American bridge builders along the Vesle. The entire force was wiped out by American machine gunners.

In Picardy the Germans have struck back at the British who have been slowly improving their positions astride the Somme.

British troops at the apex of the German salient in Flanders have pushed forward still farther on a front of 2,000 yards in the Paeuut wood.

American troops in the Woeyre have repulsed two German raids. On the remainder of the western front there has been no activity. Heavy artillery duels are in progress on the Italian mountain front and in Macedonia.

Marooned on a Sand Scow for Sixteen Hours

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Aug. 7.—After being marooned on a sand scow within 1000 feet of the brink of Niagara Falls for sixteen hours, George Harris of Buffalo and Gus Loberg, a Swedish sailor, were rescued by the Youngstown Life Saving crew this morning.

The scow broke away from a tug late yesterday. A shelling rock off the head of Goat Island caught the unwieldy craft and held it. The life savers got a line to the boat last night but the length of the rope was so great it sagged into the swift current and it was impossible to operate a breeches buoy.

The life savers abandoned their work at midnight. Searchlights were kept on the wreck and an electrical signal was rigged up showing the word "rest" so that the men on the scow would know that they had not been abandoned.

This morning a second line was shot successfully across the wreck from the roof of the power house.

WAR IS BEING WON

Lloyd George Discloses Great Achievements of Allies.

MANY INDIAN TROOPS

Americans Taken Over in July Number 305,000.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—General Foch by his counter-stroke had driven the enemy back and although the danger was not over "he would be a sanguine man on the German general staff who would now predict that Germany could obtain a military victory," said Premier Lloyd-George today. The Premier characterized General Foch's counter-offensive as "one of the most brilliant in the annals of the war."

The Germans, declared the premier, had attempted their land offensive because the submarine offensive had failed. Mr. Lloyd-George stated that during the month of July, 305,000 American troops had been brought over, 135,000 of them in British ships.

Since August, 1914, including those already with the colors, Great Britain alone, said the premier, had raised for the army and navy 6,250,000 men, for the most part voluntarily. The Dominion had contributed 1,000,000 men and India 1,250,000 men.

One hundred and fifty German submarines have been destroyed, Mr. Lloyd-George announced, more than half of them in the last year.

WIRE SYSTEMS TO BE CONSOLIDATED

Negotiations for Uniting Telephone Systems as Soon as Government Assumes Control.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Postmaster General Burleson announced today that one of the first effects of government control of telephones and telegraphs probably would be the consolidation and consolidation of competing systems wherever possible.

Negotiations were already under way for consolidating a number of competing telephone systems when the government assumed control. The postmaster-general will not disturb these negotiations. When an agreement is reached between the companies it will be submitted to the post-office department for approval.

The postmaster-general says there is no objection to the companies taking up additional negotiations subject to approval.

Work or Fight Order Issued to 13 Newspapermen

WATERLOO, Ia., Aug. 7.—Thirteen employees of a newspaper here, including men in all departments, today were notified by the Waterloo exemption board that they must either engage in a productive occupation or be placed in class one of the draft.

The business manager of the newspaper intimated today that he would appeal.

INCREASED RATES ON NEWSPAPERS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Increased rates on newspapers and other publications registered as second class matter by the postal service were asked of the interstate commerce commission today by the American Railway Express company, the express combine formed under government auspices.

FORMER PRIVATE NOW FEEDS YANKS



Colonel Groves, as chief of the subsistence division of the U. S. Quartermaster Corps, is responsible for every meal served to American soldiers in this country or in France. In six years he rose from private in the National Guard to colonel. Nobody has complained about the army's food since he has held the job.

HEAVY BLOW COMING

Germans Plan to Strike With Both Army and Fleet.

PARIS, Aug. 7.—Field Marshal von Hindenburg and General Ludendorff, in order to stimulate the depressed morale at home, intend to strike a blow against the British front in conjunction with the German fleet, usually well informed sources insist. An order issued by the new chief of the German admiralty staff, Admiral Scherr, is said to express the wish of the fleet to attack the British naval forces.

The Germans, it is believed, are putting their heavy artillery in place and digging themselves in between the Vesle and the Aisne to defend their positions as long as possible. The Allies are obliged to await their heavy guns before pressing the offensive.

U-BOAT SINKS SHIP

Enemy Sends Down Two More Vessels in Atlantic.

A CANADIAN ATLANTIC PORT, Aug. 7.—An American schooner arrived here today with sixty-five members of the crew of a Japanese freight steamship which had been torpedoed off the Nova Scotia coast.

Lightship is Sunk. The Diamond Shoals lightship, off Cape Hatteras, was shelled and sunk by an enemy submarine late yesterday, the navy department was today informed. The crew has reached shore safely.

The submarine came within a half mile of shore, according to the brief report which reached the navy department.

ALLIES AIDING RUSSIA

Troops Landed Are at Vladivostok and Archangel.

CHANGES BEING MADE

Forces Well Received by People in Siberia.

SHANGHAI, Saturday, Aug. 3.—British troops landed at Vladivostok at dawn today, says a dispatch from that city. They received a friendly reception.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—A Russian government wireless message received here says: "At Archangel British and French have landed. They are advancing along the railway. Our staff is at Odozerskala (100 miles south of Archangel)."

"On the Czech-Slovak front the Czechs have captured Novo Nikolavsk, Ekaterinburg and Simbirsk. We have retreated to Poverno. We are sending reinforcements toward Kazan and Simbirsk. Today the Czech-Slovaks shelled Kazan."

KANDALASKA, Russia, Lapland, Monday, Aug. 5.—(By The Associated Press.)—The new government of Archangel is prepared to assume relations, diplomatic, financial and industrial, with foreign nations for the "region of the north."

The heads of this government which includes representatives of six of the Russian northern provinces are members of the group which proclaims itself to be working for the restoration of real democracy in Russia.

Francis Visits Far North.

KANDALASKA, Russia, Lapland, Monday, Aug. 5.—(By The Associated Press.)—David R. Francis, the American ambassador to Russia, returned here today from the Murmansk region and will remain at Kandalaska pending developments. The allied diplomatic corps expects to move to Archangel.

Minister is Assassinated.

M. I. Terestchenko, minister for foreign affairs in the cabinet of Premier Kerensky, has been assassinated at Paltava, according to an announcement made by the Hamburg Fremdenblatt, and reprinted by Paris newspapers. The identity of his assassins is not known.

White Guards Aid Allies.

KANDALASKA, Russia, Lapland, Aug. 5.—(By The Associated Press.)—Volunteer detachments of White Guards are aiding allied units in pursuing the Bolshevik forces southward from Archangel.

The new Archangel government has arrested most of the Bolshevik leaders who had not fled. The Bolshevik commissioner of war, Zenkevich, was killed, otherwise the change in government was virtually bloodless.

LIVES LOST IN BIG WINDSTORM

HOUSTON, Tex., Aug. 7.—Three lives were lost in Tuesday's windstorm at Duquincy, La., and three at Hammond's Camp, two miles east of Duquincy, a relayed telegram to the Gulf Coast line reports. It is said that at least fifty residences had been destroyed and that stores and churches were wrecked.

The storm followed a narrow path but was very severe. Duquincy is 25 miles northeast of Lake Charles where great damage was done.

PRICE OF COPPER. WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—The maximum price of copper will remain 26 cents a pound until November 1 through an agreement understood to have been reached today between the price-fixing committee of the war industries board and copper producers, subject to approval by President Wilson.

Germany might have got a few pointers from Spain about the fighting quality of American soldiers. Twenty years ago a Spanish soldier, speaking of the Americans, exclaimed: "They tried to catch us with their hands."

GREAT ARMY PLAN

Five-Million Force to Be Raised as Soon as Possible.

U. S. TO SPEED UP

Manpower Bill to Be Passed Quickly by Congress.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—In furthering enactment of the administration manpower bill extending draft ages to men to be raised as soon as possible, General March told the senate military committee today that the war department plans an army of approximately 5,000,000 men to be raised as soon as possible.

General March said he did not believe it necessary to recall congress before the present recess plan expires on August 24 providing the bill could be reported at that time.

About July 30, General March said, the United States reached a decision to enlarge its military program to carry out the policies agreed upon at the recent inter-Allied conference at Paris to speed up prosecution of the war and bring it to an early conclusion.

From General March's testimony and other information received the committee has gained the impression that it is proposed that youths between 18 and 20 years of age shall be kept in this country until the last Senator Chamberlain announced that either Secretary Daniels or Admiral Benson would be asked to appear tomorrow before the committee to discuss the advisability of extending the draft system to the navy.

General March said the shipment of men overseas would be continued according to the program now in effect for the present.

EXAMINATIONS FOR RESERVE ENGINEERS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—The war department today announced dates and places for examination of applicants for commissions in the engineers reserve corps as follows:

Kansas City, August 16 and 17. Denver, August 22. Salt Lake City, August 24. Butte, Mont., August 27. Seattle, August 29 and 30. Portland, August 31. San Francisco, September 2, 3 and 4. Los Angeles, September 5, 6 and 7. Deming, N. M., September 10. Dallas, Tex., September 13.

Only qualified engineers who have previously filed their applications with the chiefs of engineers will be considered by the board.

Monstrous Exactions Made on Belgium

LONDON, Aug. 6.—Speaking in the house of commons Lord Robert Cecil, assistant secretary of the state for foreign affairs, stated that the Germans had levied war contributions to a total of 2,330,000,000 francs upon Belgium besides enormous fines upon localities, firms and individuals.

These "monstrous exactions," he said, must certainly be taken into account when peace terms are being arranged.

WESTERN BOYS IN CASUALTY LIST

Sergeant G. Sullivan, Eureka, +
Utah, Marines, killed; Harold E. +
Kline, Orinda, Idaho, Marines, +
killed in action.
Joseph A. Carmody, Goldfield, +
Nevada, and Clarence W. Boswell, +
Webster City, Utah, army, severely +
wounded. Hilbert O. Linse, +
St. Mary's, Idaho, severely +
wounded.
Victor J. Lawhead, Marines, +
Pocatello, Idaho, killed in action. +
John C. Hanerfield, Marines, +
Weiser, Idaho, wounded in action. +
Lester Remy, Salt Lake City, +
wounded.

YANKS CROSS RIVER

Parties Waded the Vesle River West of Fismes.

GERMANS IN FLIGHT

Stern Resistance at Line of Defense Expected.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—How American patrols crossed the Vesle after the occupation of Fismes is told by a correspondent of the Daily Mail on the American front dated Monday:

"The Germans have fortified positions north of the Vesle and close to Fismes," he says. "Two divisions are in the line and one of them is believed to be a strong one from the reserves of Crown Prince Rupprecht."

"Early this morning American parties waded the Vesle west of Fismes. They were under machine gun fire from the lower slopes and artillery fire from the heights. The Americans pushed on while their artillery shelled the German positions intensely. East of Fismes American mounted patrols crossed the river today."

"At the taking of Fismes yesterday the Germans fought desperately in the streets but finally broke and ran. American machine gunners punishing them severely as they fled. German snipers and machine gunners are still in houses at Fismes although the Americans have been there for 24 hours."

"Increasing resistance is expected as we approach the enemy's main line of defense. Mostly the Americans are dealing with enemy machine gunners left behind in the fields of waving corn."

ENGINEERS FACE SEVERE FIRE

Have Thrilling Experiences Trying to Bridge the Vesle Under German Guns.

MEN CHEER OFFICER

Enemy, Determined Americans Shall Not Cross River, Open Terrific Fire.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE VESLE, Tuesday, Aug. 6.—(By The Associated Press.)—The Germans appear to be determined not to permit American engineers to throw bridges across the Vesle and as a result several American officers have had thrilling experiences.

Lieutenant E. C. Mail of California on Tuesday was under cover with six men on the south bank awaiting a hull in the German shelling in order to build a bridge. It was intended to build a footbridge on the foundations of a bridge destroyed by the Germans when they put up a larger structure. Lieutenant Mail, carrying two planks, started out on an exploration trip by himself.

The lieutenant reached the southern pier just as the German machine gunners commenced a heavy fire. This did not stop him. He tossed one plank into a temporary position and then put the other in place from the double pier to the pier in the middle of the river. The enemy fire becoming warmer, Lieutenant Mail jumped into the river and took cover on the north bank. Afterwards he recrossed to the south bank and rejoined his command amid cheers from the soldiers.

Further west of Fismes, Major Francis Newcomer and Captain Jas. P. Growden, during daylight, felled a tree cross the Vesle and crossed to the north bank. There they chopped down another tree which fell toward the southern bank. Soon afterwards they had completed a foot-bridge with the tree trunks as stringers. Newcomer and Growden had gone ahead of the bridge building gang to the position and when the gang arrived they found the work well started. The enemy discovered the footbridge soon afterward and subjected it to heavy fire.